# CROSS-CONNECTION ID CEU TRAINING COURSE 48 HOUR RUSH ORDER PROCESSING FEE ADDITIONAL \$50.00

Start Date:	Finish Date	e:	
You will have 90 days from this date in	order to complete this course		
List number of hours worke	d on assignment must m	atch State Requir	ement
Name_ I have read and understood the disc.	Sigr	nature	
I have read and understood the disc	aimer notice on page 2. Digitally	sign XXX	
Address:			
City		State	Zip
Email	Fax	x ()	
Phone:			
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Operator ID #			Exp. Date
Please circle/check which c Water Treatment			
Well Drillers Pump	o Installer CSI	WTS	
Other			
	Learning College PO Bo 557-1746 Fax (928) 2		
If you've paid on the Inter	net, please write your (	Customer#	
Please invoice me, my PC	#		

Please pay with your credit card on our website under Bookstore or Buy Now. Or call us and provide your credit card information.

We will stop mailing the certificate of completion we need your e-mail address. We will e-mail the certificate to you, if no e-mail address; we will mail it to you.

## **DISCLAIMER NOTICE**

I understand that it is my responsibility to ensure that this CEU course is either approved or accepted in my State for CEU credit. I understand State laws and rules change on a frequent basis and I believe this course is currently accepted in my State for CEU or contact hour credit, if it is not, I will not hold Technical Learning College responsible. I fully understand that this type of study program deals with dangerous, changing conditions and various laws and that I will not hold Technical Learning College, Technical Learning Consultants, Inc. (TLC) liable in any fashion for any errors, omissions, advice, suggestions or neglect contained in this CEU education training course or for any violation or injury, death, neglect, damage or loss of your license or certification caused in any fashion by this CEU education training or course material suggestion or error or my lack of submitting paperwork. It is my responsibility to call or contact TLC if I need help or assistance and double-check to ensure my registration page and assignment has been received and graded. It is my responsibility to ensure all information is correct and to abide with all rules and regulations.

**State Approval Listing Link**, check to see if your State accepts or has pre-approved this course. Not all States are listed. Not all courses are listed. If the course is not accepted for CEU credit, we will give you the course free if you ask your State to accept it for credit. Professional Engineers; Most states will accept our courses for credit but we do not officially list the States or Agencies. Please check your State for approval.

# State Approval Listing URL...

http://www.abctlc.com/downloadsPDF/CEU%20State%20Approvals.pdf

You can obtain a printed version of the course manual from TLC for an additional \$169.95 plus shipping charges.

#### **Grading Information**

In order to maintain the integrity of our courses we do not distribute test scores, percentages or questions missed. Our exams are based upon pass/fail criteria with the benchmark for successful completion set at 70%. Once you pass the exam, your record will reflect a successful completion and a certificate will be issued to you.

# **AFFIDAVIT OF EXAM COMPLETION**

I affirm that I personally completed the entire text of the course. I also affirm that I completed the exam without assistance from any outside source. I understand that it is my responsibility to file or maintain my certificate of completion as required by the state or by the designation organization.

#### **Texas TCEQ STUDENTS ONLY**

All TCEQ Students will need to sign this and date this form as well. TCEQ students will also be given special assistance if you fail the examination. You will also have access to failed or wrong questions and/or the area or topic of the assignment to complete your learning experience.

## Attention Texas TCEQ Operators, Irrigators, CSI and Backflow Testers...

**NOTE:** Any course cannot be taken for same credit in the same renewal period. Please call TCEQ and make sure that these courses are still accepted for credit before starting. Do not retake this course for credit in the same renewal period.

Signature			

# For TCEQ Licensed Wastewater Operators

# Rule Changes and Updates for Domestic Wastewater Systems

On Nov. 4, 2014, TCEQ commissioners adopted revisions to 30 Texas Administrative Code (TAC), Chapter 217, Design Criteria for Domestic Wastewater Systems, and "re-adopted" previously repealed rules in 30 TAC, Chapter 317, Design Criteria Prior to 2008.

# Some of the changes to Chapter 217 include:

- Adding new definitions and clarifying existing definitions;
- Adding design criteria and approval requirements for rehabilitation of existing infrastructure;
- Adding design criteria for new technologies, including cloth filters and air lift pumps;
- Making changes to reflect modern practices, standards and trends;
- Modifying rule language to improve readability and enforceability; and
- Modifying the design organic loadings and flows for a new wastewater treatment facility.

# SUBCHAPTER A: ADMINISTRATIVE REQUIREMENTS §§217.1 - 217.18

Effective December 4, 2015 §217.1. Applicability. (a) Applicability. (1) This chapter applies to the design, operation, and maintenance of: (A) domestic wastewater treatment facilities that are constructed with plans and specifications received and approved by the executive director after the effective date of the amendments to this chapter; (B) treatment units that are altered, constructed, or re-rated with plans and specifications received and approved by the executive director after the effective date of the amendments to this chapter; (C) collection systems that are constructed with plans and specifications received and approved by the executive director after the effective date of the amendments to this chapter; (D) collection system units that are altered, constructed, or re-rated with plans and specifications received and approved by the executive director after the effective date of the amendments to this chapter; (E) existing domestic wastewater treatment facilities that do not have a current Texas Pollutant Discharge Elimination System permit or a Texas Land Application Permit and are required to have an active wastewater permit; (F) existing wastewater treatment facilities and collection systems that never received approval for plans and specifications from the executive director; and (G) collection system rehabilitation projects covered in §217.56(c) and §217.69 of this title (relating to Trenchless Pipe Installation; and Maintenance, Inspection, and Rehabilitation of the Collection System). (2) Domestic wastewater treatment facilities, treatment units, collection systems, and collection system units with plans and specifications approved by the executive director that were received on or after August 28, 2008 and before the effective date of this chapter must comply with the rules in this chapter, as they existed immediately before the effective date of the amendments to this chapter.

The rules in Texas Commission on Environmental Quality Page 2 Chapter 217 - Design Criteria for Domestic Wastewater Systems effect immediately before the effective date of the amendments to this chapter are continued in effect for that purpose. (3) This chapter does not apply to: (A) the design, installation, operation, or maintenance of domestic wastewater treatment facilities, treatment units, collection systems, or collection system units with plans and specifications that were approved by the executive director on or before August 27, 2008, which are governed by Chapter 317 of this title (relating to Design Criteria Prior to 2008) or

design criteria that preceded Chapter 317 of this title; and (B) systems regulated by Chapter 285 of this title (relating to On-Site Sewage Facilities); or collection systems or wastewater treatment facilities that collect, transport, treat, or dispose of wastewater that does not have the characteristics of domestic wastewater, although the wastewater may contain domestic wastewater

(b) The executive director may grant variances from new requirements added by the amendments of this chapter to a person who proposes to construct, alter, or re-rate a collection system or wastewater treatment facility if the plans and specifications for the project are submitted within 180 days after the date the amendments to this chapter are effective, provided the plans and specifications comply with the rules in effect immediately prior to the amendment. Adopted November 4, 2015 Effective December 4, 2015

The link to the rules is available on the TCEQ website at <a href="https://www.tceq.texas.gov/rules/indxpdf.html">https://www.tceq.texas.gov/rules/indxpdf.html</a>

For Texas Wastewater Students Only	
Please sign and date this notice	
Printed Name	
Signature	Date

# **Texas Students Only**

# Acknowledgement of Notice of Potential Ineligibility for License You are required to sign and return to TLC or your credit will not be reported.

Name:	<del></del>
Date of Birth:	
Email Address:	
<ul> <li>by signing this form, I acknowledge that Technical Learning College notified me of the potential ineligibility of an individual who has been convicted of an offens occupational license by the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (Tocompletion of the educational program;</li> <li>the current TCEQ Criminal Conviction Guidelines for Occupational Licensing the process by which the TCEQ's Executive Director determines whether a convicted a prospective applicant an unsuitable candidate for an occupational warrants the denial of a renewal application for an existing license; or</li> <li>warrants revocation or suspension of a license previously granted.</li> <li>the right to request a criminal history evaluation from the TCEQ under Texas Code Section 53.102; and</li> <li>that the TCEQ may consider an individual to have been convicted of an offer purpose of denying, suspending or revoking a license under circumstances of 30 Texas Administrative Code Section 30.33.</li> </ul>	se to be issued an CEQ) upon g, which describes criminal conviction: license; s Occupations use for the
Enrollee Signature: Date: _	
Name of Training Provider/Organization: Technical Learning College	
Contact Person: Melissa Durbin Role/Title: Dean	

# **CERTIFICATION OF COURSE PROCTOR**

Technical Learning College requires that our students who takes a correspondence or home study program course must pass a proctored course reading, quiz and final examination. The proctor must complete and provide to the school a certification form approved by the commission for each examination administered by the proctor.

and provide the form to the proctor with the examination.
Name of Course:
Name of Licensee:
Instructions to Proctor. After an examination is administered, complete and return this certification and examination to the school in a sealed exam packet or in pdf format.
I certify that:
<ol> <li>I am a disinterested third party in the administration of this examination. I am not related by blood marriage or any other relationship to the licensee which would influence me from properly administering the examination.</li> <li>The licensee showed me positive photo identification prior to completing the examination.</li> <li>The enclosed examination was administered under my supervision on The licensee received no assistance and had no access to books, notes or reference material.</li> <li>I have not permitted the examination to be compromised, copied, or recorded in any way or by any method.</li> <li>Provide an estimate of the amount of time the student took to complete the assignment.</li> </ol>
Time to complete the entire course and final exam
Notation of any problem or concerns:
Name and Telephone of Proctor (please print):
Signature of Proctor

# **Cross-Connection CEU Course Answer Key**

Name	Telephone #			
Did you check with your State agency to ensure this course is accepted for credit?				
Method of Course accep	tance confirmation. Please fill this section			
Website Telephone	all Email Spoke to			
Did you receive the app	oval number, if applicable?			
What is the course appr	val number, if applicable?			
You are responsible to encall us to ensure that we r	ure that TLC receives the Assignment and Registration Key. Pl	ease		

Please select one answer. You can Bold, Circle, Underline or X your answer. You can use Adobe Acrobat DC to electronically fill out this sheet. A felt Tipped pen works best.

# Please write down any questions that cannot be found or has problems

1. A B	18. A B C D	35. A B	52. A B C D
2. A B	19. A B C D	36. A B	53. A B C D
3. A B C D	20. A B C D	37. A B C D	54. A B
4. A B C D	21. A B C D	38. A B C D	55. A B
5. A B C D	22. A B C D	39. A B C D	56. A B
6. A B	23. A B C D	40. A B C D	57. A B C D
7. A B C D	24. A B C D	41. A B C D	58. A B C D
8. A B C D	25. A B C D	42. A B C D	59. A B C D
9. A B	26. A B C D	43. A B	60. A B C D
10. A B	27. A B C D	44. A B	61. A B C D
11. A B C D	28. A B C D	45. A B	62. A B
12. A B C D	29. A B C D	46. A B	63. A B
13. A B	30. A B C D	47. A B C D	64. A B
14. A B C D	31. A B C D	48. A B C D	65. A B C D
15. A B C D	32. A B C D	49. A B C D	66. A B C D
16. A B C D	33. A B C D	50. A B C D	67. A B C D
17. A B C D	34. A B C D	51. A B C D	68. A B C D

69.	ABCD	90. A B	111. A B C D	132. A B
70.	ABCD	91. A B	112. A B C D	133. A B
71.	ABCD	92. A B	113. A B	134. A B C D
72.	ABCD	93. A B	114. A B	135. A B
73.	ABCD	94. A B	115. A B	136. A B C D
74.	ABCD	95. A B C D	116. A B C D	137. A B
75.	ABCD	96. A B C D	117. A B C D	138. A B
76.	ABCD	97. A B C D	118. A B C D	139. A B
77.	ABCD	98. A B C D	119. A B C D	140. A B
78.	ABCD	99. A B C D	120. A B	141. A B
79.	ABCD	100. A B C D	121. A B	142. A B C D
80.	ABCD	101. A B C D	122. A B C D	143. A B C D
81.	ABCD	102. A B	123. A B C D	144. A B
82.	ABCD	103. A B	124. A B C D	145. A B
83.	ABCD	104. A B	125. A B C D	146. A B
84.	ABCD	105. A B	126. A B C D	147. A B
85.	ABCD	106. A B	127. A B C D	148. A B
86.	ABCD	107. A B C D	128. A B C D	149. A B
87.	ABCD	108. A B C D	129. A B	150. A B
88.	ABCD	109. A B C D	130. A B	
89.	АВ	110. A B C D	131. A B	

I understand that I am 100 percent responsible to ensure that TLC receives the Assignment and Registration Key and that it is accepted for credit by my State or Providence. I understand that TLC has a zero tolerance towards not following their rules, cheating or hostility towards staff or instructors. I need to complete the entire assignment for credit. There is no credit for partial assignment completion. My exam was proctored. I will contact TLC if I do not hear back from them within 2 days of assignment submission. I will forfeit my purchase costs and will not receive credit or a refund if I do not abide with TLC's rules. I will not hold TLC liable for any errors, injury, death or non-compliance with rules. I will abide with all federal and state rules and rules found on page 2.

Please Sign that you understand and will abide with TLC's Rules.

Signature			

# Cross-Connection Identification CEU Training Course CUSTOMER SERVICE RESPONSE CARD

N/	ME:			
E-	E-MAILPHONE			
	EASE COMPLETE THIS FORM BY CIRCLING THE NUMBER OF THE PROPRIATE ANSWER IN THE AREA BELOW.			
1.	Please rate the difficulty of your course.  Very Easy 0 1 2 3 4 5 Very Difficult			
2.	Please rate the difficulty of the testing process.  Very Easy 0 1 2 3 4 5 Very Difficult			
3.	Please rate the subject matter on the exam to your actual field or work.  Very Similar 0 1 2 3 4 5 Very Different			
4.	How did you hear about this Course?			
Но	w about the price of the course?			
Po	or Fair Average Good Great			
Но	w was your customer service?			
Po	or Fair Average Good Great			
Ar	y other concerns or comments.			

# **Special Notice to all TCEQ Students**

# § 344.51. SPECIFIC CONDITIONS AND CROSS-CONNECTION CONTROL.

- (d) If an irrigation system is designed or installed on a property that is served by an on-site sewage facility, as defined in Chapter 285 of this title (relating to On-Site Sewage Facilities), then:
- (1) all irrigation piping and valves must meet the separation distances from the On-Site Sewage Facilities system as required for a private water line in §285.91(10) of this title (relating to Minimum Required Separation Distances for On-Site Sewage Facilities);
- (2) any connections using a private or public potable water source must be connected to the water source through a reduced pressure principle backflow prevention assembly as defined in §344.50 of this title (relating to Backflow Prevention Methods); and
- (3) any water from the irrigation system that is applied to the surface of the area utilized by the On-Site Sewage Facility system must be controlled on a separate irrigation zone or zones so as to allow complete control of any irrigation to that area so that there will not be excess water that would prevent the On-Site Sewage Facilities system from operating effectively.

# When Finished with Your Assignment

#### REQUIRED DOCUMENTS

Please scan the **Registration Page**, **Answer Key**, **Survey and Driver's License** and email it to <u>info@TLCH2O.com</u>.

# **IPhone Scanning Instructions**

If you are unable to scan, take a photo of these documents with your **iPhone** and send these photos to TLC, <u>info@TLCH2O.com</u>.

### **FAX**

If you are unable to scan and email, please fax these to TLC, if you fax, call to confirm that we received your paperwork. (928) 468-0675

# **Rush Grading Service**

If you need this assignment graded and the results mailed to you within a 48-hour period, prepare to pay an additional rush service handling fee of \$50.00. This fee may not cover postage costs. If you need this service, simply write RUSH on the top of your Registration Form. We will place you in the front of the grading and processing line.

For security purposes, please fax or e-mail a copy of your driver's license and always call us to <u>confirm</u> we've received your assignment and to confirm your identity. Thank you...

In the near future, we will stop mailing the certificate of completion so we need either your fax number or e-mail address. We will e-mail the certificate to you, if no e-mail address; we will fax it to you.

# CROSS-CONNECTION IDENTIFICATION CEU COURSE ASSIGNMENT

The focus of this course is a basic understanding of Backflow Prevention/Cross-Connection. This course is **NOT** designed to certify you as a General Tester or a Cross-Connection Specialist.

You will have 90 days from receipt of this course to complete in order to receive your Continuing Education Units (CEUs) or Professional Development Hours (PDHs).

A score of 80 % or better is necessary to pass this course. If you should need any assistance, please email all concerns and the final test to info@tlch2o.com. You can find online assistance for this course on the in the Search function on Adobe Acrobat PDF to help find the answers.

# Please write down any questions that cannot be found or has problems

Backflow Introduction  1. Cross-Connection was addressed by developed by the Environmental Protection A. True B. False	passage of the "Federal Safe Drinking Water Act" as Agency ( <b>E.P.A.</b> ).
<ol> <li>The SDWA assigned each state with pr access to safe drinking water by all citizens</li> <li>True B. False</li> </ol>	imary enforcement responsibility for a program to assure s.
3. The first level of the SDWA is protection protection of persons subject to such risks in A. Water provider C. Pollutant source B. General public D. None of the above	
4. Sources of pollution that may result in cross-connections are? A. Internal or external piping C. Ce B. Certainly not usually intentional D. No	
	e pollutant source may involve the unintentional cross- mical processes or a heating boiler. r external piping ne above
6. In a residential environment, the pollu landscape sprinkler system or reserve tank A. True B. False	utant source may be an illegal cross-connection with a fire protection system.
7. Which of the following rules are required developed and enforced by the E.P.A.?	d to be at least as stringent as the federal regulations as
A. OSHA Enforcement responsibility  B. State program regulations	C. Local Cross-Connection Control ordinances D. None of the above

8. Which of the following is "the link or channel connecting a source of pollution with a potable water supply?"  A. Direct piping  C. Cross-Connection  B. Backflow  D. None of the above
B. Backflow D. None of the above
9. Cross-Connection Control addressed on the federal level by passage of the "Federal Safet Drinking Water Act" as developed by Occupational Safety and Health Administration and passed into law on December 16, 1974.  A. True B. False
<ul><li>10. The following could be a cause of a cross-connection: A situation as simple as leaving a garden hose nozzle submerged in a bucket of liquid or attached to a chemical sprayer.</li><li>A. True B. False</li></ul>
<ul> <li>11. As far as a cross-connection, another potential hazard source within any environment may be a cross-connection of piping could be?</li> <li>A. With an air gap</li> <li>B. Air break</li> <li>C. Involving a water well located on the property.</li> <li>D. None of the above</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>12. The proper control of cross-connections is possible</li> <li>A. Only through knowledge and vigilance</li> <li>B. The key is public safety and the second is protection</li> <li>C. Certainly not usually intentional</li> <li>D. None of the Above</li> </ul>
<ul><li>13. Public education is not essential, for many that are educated in piping and plumbing installations are able to recognize cross-connection dangers.</li><li>A. True B. False</li></ul>
What is backflow? Reverse flow condition  14. Which of the following are there two forms-backpressure and backsiphonage?  A. Backflow  C. Cross-connection  B. Backpressure  D. None of the above
<ul> <li>15. The basic mechanism for preventing backflow is a, which provides a physica barrier to backflow.</li> <li>A. High air gap hazard installations C. Mechanical backflow preventer</li> <li>B. Device or method D. None of the above</li> </ul>
16. The principal types of mechanical backflow preventer are the reduced-pressure principle assembly, the, and the double check valve assembly.  A. High hazard installations C. Air gapper  B. Vacuum breaker D. None of the above
17. Backflow is the undesirable reversal of flow of nonpotable water or other substances through a and into the piping of a public water system or consumer's potable water system.  A. Backflow  C. Cross-connection  D. None of the above

firefighting, a break in A. Connection	lowing can occur when there is a stoppage of water supply due to nearby a water main?  C. Backpressure D. None of the above
than the upstream of system?  A. Backpressure	owing is a type of backflow caused by a downstream pressure that is greater r supply pressure in a public water system or consumer's potable water C. Indirect connection D. None of the above
potable water supply A. Indirect connection	owing can result from an increase in downstream pressure, a reduction in the pressure, or a combination of both?  C. Cross-connection D. None of the above
A. High hazard stop	ving is a means or mechanism to prevent backflow? device C. Backwater valve r D. None of the above
cross-connection or p	backflow prevention <u>method</u> is, which either eliminates a rovides a barrier to backflow.  C. Device or method  D. None of the above
	lowing can occur whenever the amount of water being used exceeds the g supplied, such as during water line flushing, firefighting, or breaks in water
<ul><li>A. Cross-connection</li><li>B. Backpressure</li></ul>	<ul><li>C. Backsiphonage</li><li>D. None of the above</li></ul>
	llowing is any temporary or permanent connection between a public water potable water system and any source or system containing nonpotable water  C. Backsiphonage
B. Backpressure	D. None of the above
partial vacuum) in a p	lowing is a form backflow caused by a negative pressure (i.e., a vacuum or ublic water system or consumer's potable water system?  C. Backsiphonage  D. None of the above
Common Hydraulic 26. Which of the foll flow?	Terms owing definitions is the engineering science pertaining to liquid pressure and
A. Hydraulics	C. Hydrokinetics D. None of the above

<ul><li>27. Which of the following definitions is the pressure in a fluid at rest?</li><li>A. Head, Friction C. Head</li><li>B. Pressure, Static D. None of the above</li></ul>				
<ul> <li>28. Which of the following definitions is the height of a column or body of fluid above a given point?</li> <li>A. Head, Friction C. Head</li> <li>B. Head, Static D. None of the above</li> </ul>				
<ul> <li>29. Which of the following definitions is the pressure exported by the atmosphere at any specific location?</li> <li>A. Pressure, Atmospheric</li> <li>B. Pressure, Static</li> <li>C. Pressure, Gauge</li> <li>D. None of the above</li> </ul>				
<ul> <li>30. Which of the following definitions is height of a column or body of fluid above a given point expressed in linear units?</li> <li>A. Head, Friction C. Head</li> <li>B. Head, Static D. None of the above</li> </ul>				
<ul> <li>31. Which of the following definitions is required to overcome the friction at the interior surface of a conductor and between fluid particles in motion?</li> <li>A. Head, Friction C. Head</li> <li>B. Head, Static D. None of the above</li> </ul>				
32. Which of the following definitions is pressure above zero absolute, i.e. the sum of atmospheric and gauge pressure?  A. Pressure, Atmospheric  B. Pressure, Static  C. Pressure, Gauge  D. None of the above				
<ul> <li>33. Which of the following definitions is the force per unit area, usually expressed in pounds per square inch?</li> <li>A. Pressure, Absolute</li> <li>B. Pressure</li> <li>C. Pressure, Gauge</li> <li>D. None of the above</li> </ul>				
34. Which of the following definitions is the pressure differential above or below ambient atmospheric pressure?  A. Pressure, Absolute C. Pressure, Gauge B. Pressure D. None of the above				
35. Sea level pressure is approximately 2.31 pounds per square inch absolute, 1 bar = .433psi. A. True B. False				
Hydraulics 36. Hydraulics is a branch of engineering concerned mainly with moving liquids. A. True B. False				
<ul> <li>37. Which of the following includes the manner in which liquids act in tanks and pipes, deals with their properties and explores ways to take advantage of these properties?</li> <li>A. Pressure</li> <li>B. Hydrostatics</li> <li>C. Hydraulics</li> <li>D. None of the above</li> </ul>				

buoyancy and flotation	lowing includes the consideration of liquids at rest, involves problems of ?
A. Pressure ( B. Hydrostatics I	
39. Which of the follow A. Fluids	ing is about the pressures exerted by a fluid at rest?  C. Hydrokinetics
A. Fluids	D. None of the above
even gases when the e	effects of compressibility are small.
A. Fluids ( B. Flow I	C. Mechanical properties of water  D. None of the above
41. Hydraulics can be A. Fluids ( B. Hydrostatics [	divided into two areas, and hydrokinetics.  C. Hydrokinetics  D. None of the above
42. Which of the fol concerned with such m A. Fluids ( B. Hydrostatics I	
<b>Atmospheric Pressur</b> 43. The atmosphere is A. True B. Falso	the entire mass of air that surrounds the earth.
	1-inch square extending all the way to the "atmosphere", this column of air ately 2.31 pounds at sea level.
45. If you were to as every 2,343 feet. A. True B. False	scend up, the atmospheric pressure increases by approximately 1.0 psi for
	at a temperature of $0^\circ$ Celsius (C), the height of the mercury column is s, or 20 centimeters. This represents a pressure of approximately 2.31 psi.
47. Which of the follow A. Atmospheric pressu B. Pressure(s) of the a	
48section of primary inte about 7 1/2 miles.	is the layer called that spreads upward for about 300-500 miles, the rest is the portion that rests on the earth's surface and extends upward for
A. Atmospheric pressu B. Troposphere	ure C. Sea level D. None of the above

49. Pressures under water differ from those under air only because the weight of the water must be added to the? C. Sea level A. Atmospheric pressure B. Pressure(s) of the air D. None of the above 50. Which of the following can be measured by several methods, one method is the mercury column barometer? C. Sea level A. Static pressure B. Atmospheric pressure D. None of the above 51. Which of the following can be measured with the aneroid barometer? A. Static pressure C. Atmospheric pressure B. Pressure D. None of the above 52. Atmospheric pressure does not vary consistently with? C. Weight A. Altitude D. None of the above B. Pressure(s) 53. Atmospheric pressure is demarcated as the force per unit area exerted against a surface by the of the air above that surface. A. Altitude C. Weight D. None of the above B. Pressure(s) **Barometric Loop** 54. According to the text, the barometric loop, will provide protection against backsiphonage, is based upon the principle that a water column, at sea level pressure, will not rise above 33.9 feet. In general, barometric loops are locally fabricated, and are 35 feet high. A. True B. False 55. Absolute pressure is equal to gauge pressure plus the atmospheric pressure. A. True B. False 56. The barometric loop consists of a continuous section of supply piping that abruptly rises to a height of approximately 233 feet and then returns back down to the originating level. B. False A. True 57. Which of the following terms could be measured an absolute scale, pounds per square inch absolute (psia), or gauge scale, (psiag). A. Static pressure C. Gauge pressure B. Pressure D. None of the above 58. According to the text, absolute pressure and gauge pressure? C. Permanent forces tangential A. Are the same B. Are related D. None of the above 59. Which of the following at sea level is 14.7 psai?

C. Gauge pressure

D. None of the above

A. Static pressure

B. Atmospheric pressure

	terms is the total pressure?
<ul><li>A. Static pressure</li><li>B. Absolute pressure</li></ul>	C. Gauge pressure D. None of the above
61. Which of the followi pressure?	ng terms would be equal to 14.7 psi, which is also the atmospheric  C. Gauge pressure
other than atmospheric, the A. True B. False <b>Pressure</b>	aply the pressure read on the gauge. If there is no pressure on the gauge e gauge will read zero.  ble, while air is very compressible.
	that cannot exert any permanent forces tangential to a boundary and any undary must be normal to the boundary.
65. Both air and water are A. Fluid(s) B. Shearing force(s)	C. Volume
	terms does water possess and air does not? C. Volume D. None of the above
pressure.	ct, a force is proportional to the, and is called a  C. Acting on the body of the fluid  D. None of the above
element would move in the	be in equilibrium, the pressure must be the same in all directions (or the direction of least pressure), and if no other forces are?  C. Acting on the body of the fluid ted  D. None of the above
<ul><li>69. The coefficient of visco</li><li>A. Absolute pressure</li><li>B. Shearing force</li></ul>	osity is the ratio of this term to the velocity gradient.  C. Volume  D. None of the above
equilibrium of forces would A. Axiom C. D.	ing that if a certain volume of fluid were somehow made solid, the not be disturbed? Displaced fluid lone of the above
pressure in a fluid? A. Axiom C. D	ng terms is an example of a body force that disturbs the equality of Displaced fluid lone of the above

72. In relation to the of pressure with? A. Axiom	barometric equation, for when this equation is integrated, we find the variation  C. Displaced fluid					
B. Gravitation D. None of the above						
and passes through to A. Pressure	ndicular to Gravity nciple says that the buoyant force is equal to the weight of the displaced fluid, the center of mass of?  C. Displaced fluid of force  D. None of the above					
measuring the height A. Aneroid baromete	owing terms is a practice that is convenient to measure pressure differences by					
contracts according to A. Aneroid baromete	owing terms uses a partially evacuated chamber of thin metal that expands and o the external pressure?  C. Partial vacuum  D. None of the above					
and that the A. Static pressure	m indicates that the absolute pressure is less than the atmospheric pressure is negative. C. Total vacuum D. None of the above					
77. Which of the follo	owing terms would mean a pressure of 0 psia or –14.7 psig? C. Total vacuum D. None of the above					
78. In the slightly greater than 0 A. Total vacuum B. Partial vacuum	C. Atmospheric pressure					
supply system that is	esults from exerted on a liquid, forcing it toward a under a vacuum.  C. Atmospheric pressure  D. None of the above					
	wing are defined in terms of the height of a fluid. C. Pressure(s) D. None of the above					
81. Water with a prewater raised by 10 ft. A. Friction B. Depth	cessure head of 10 ft can provide the sameas an equal amount of C. Energy  D. None of the above					

- 82. Water flowing in a pipe is subject to head loss because of?
- A. Friction
- C. Pressure(s)
- B. Weight
- D. None of the above
- 83. When a siphon goes below the free water levels, it is called an?
- A. Hydrostat
- C. Expressed siphon
- B. Inverted siphon
- D. None of the above

#### **Pressure and Force**

- 84. Which of the following terms is the force that pushes water through pipes?
- A. Absolute pressure
- C. Volume
- B. Pressure
- D. None of the above
- 85. Which of the following along with and force are used extensively in the study of fluid power?
- A. Fluid(s)
- C. Volume
- B. Pressure
- D. None of the above
- 86. Which of the following represents the amount of push or pull applied to each unit area of the surface?
- A. Force
- C. Volume
- B. Pressure
- D. None of the above
- 87. Which of the following represents a total push or pull. It is the push or pull exerted against the total area of a particular surface?
- A. Force
- C. Volume
- B. Pressure
- D. None of the above
- 88. Which of the following terms maybe exerted in one direction, in several directions, or in all directions?
- A. Force
- C. Volume
- B. Pressure
- D. None of the above

### **Development of Hydraulics**

- 89. According to the text, valves, pumps, actuating cylinders, and motors have been developed and refined to make hydraulics one of the leading methods of transmitting power.
- A. True
- B. False
- 90. One characteristic of a liquid is the tendency to keep its free surface level.
- A. True
- B. False
- 91. Liquids will flow in the direction that will tend to make the surface level, if the surface is not level.
- A. True
- B. False
- 92. Daniel Bernoulli conducted experiments to study the elements of force in the discharge of water through small openings in the sides of tanks and through short pipes.
- A. True
- B. False
- 93. Air, which is by no means incompressible. As we rise in the atmosphere and the pressure decreases, and the air expands.
- A. True
- B. False

A. True B. False
Pascal's Law 95. The indicated pressure is doubled, when the? A. Depth is doubled C. Column is tripled B. Pressure will be less D. None of the above
96. The pressure at any depth in of the column of liquid at that depth divide by the cross-sectional area of the column at that depth.  A. Volume of a liquid
97. Which of the following produces the pressure is referred to as the fluid head of the liquid?  A. Volume of a liquid  C. Liquid is equal to the weight  B. Pressure of a liquid  D. None of the above
98 is due to its fluid head is also dependent on the density of the liquid.  A. Volume of a liquid  B. Pressure of a liquid  D. None of the above
99. Pressure in aof direction.  A. Weight of a liquid C. Liquid is independent  B. Liquid at a specific depth D. None of the above
100. Pressure due to the, at any level, depends on the depth of the flui
from the surface.  A. Weight of a liquid C. Liquid is independent  B. Liquid at a specific depth D. None of the above
101. If the exposed face of the pressure gauges are moved closer to the surface of the liquid, th indicated?
A. Depth is doubled C. Column is tripled B. Pressure will be less D. None of the above
<ul><li>102. According to the text, pressure does not acts at right angles to the containing surfaces.</li><li>A. True B. False</li></ul>
103. If a pressure gauge, with an exposed face, is placed beneath the surface of a liquid at specific depth and pointed in different directions, the pressure will read differently in different directions.
A. True B. False
<ul><li>104. Pascal discovered that pressure in a fluid acts equally in some directions.</li><li>A. True B. False</li></ul>
Static Pressure  105. Static pressure exists in addition to gravity that may also be present at the same time.  A. True B. False

106. Pascal's law states that a pressure set up in a fluid acts equally in all directions and at right angles to the containing surfaces. A. True B. False 107. Pascal's law covers the situation only for fluids at rest or practically at rest. It is true only for the factors making up A. Pressure drop C. Fluid power B. Static head D. None of the above 108. When velocity becomes a factor it must have a direction, the force related to the velocity must also have a direction, so that Pascal's law alone does not apply to the dynamic factors of? A. Pressure drop C. Fluid power B. Static head D. None of the above

109. The dynamic factors of inertia and friction are related to the static factors. Velocity head and are obtained at the expense of static head.

A. Friction head

C. Fluid power

B. Static head

D. None of the above

### Volume and Velocity of Flow

110. Which of the following flow terms when passing a point in a given time is known as its volume of flow or flow rate?

A. Pressure dropB. Volume of a liquidC. Velocity of flowD. None of the above

111. Which of the following flow terms is usually expressed in gallons per minute (gpm) and is associated with relative pressures of the liquid, such as 5 gpm at 40 psi?

A. Pressure dropB. Volume of a liquidC. Volume of flowD. None of the above

112. Which of the following flow terms is defined as the average speed at which the fluid moves past a given point. It is usually expressed in feet per second (fps) or feet per minute (fpm).

A. Pressure dropB. Volume of a liquidC. Velocity of flowD. None of the above

113. Volume and friction head are often considered together, that is, with volume of input unchanged—the velocity of flow increases as the cross section or size of the pipe decreases.

A. True B. False

#### Bernoulli's Principle

114. Bernoulli's principle thus says that a rise (or fall) in pressure in a flowing fluid must always be accompanied by a decrease (or increase) in the speed, and conversely, if an increase (decrease) in, the speed of the fluid results in a decrease (or increase) in the pressure.

A. True B. False

- 115. Bernoulli's principle is responsible for the fact that a shower curtain gets "sucked inwards" when the water is first turned on. What happens is that the increased water/air velocity inside the curtain (relative to the still air on the other side) causes a pressure drop.
- A. True B. False

Types of Backflow Prevention Methods and Assemblies  116. An air gap is a physical disconnection between the free flowing discharge end of a potable water pipeline and the top of an?  A. Open receiving vessel C. Air gap  B. Air break D. None of the above
117. Which of the following must be at least two times the diameter of the supply pipe and not less than one inch? A. Open receiving vessel C. Air gap B. Air break D. None of the above
118. Which of the following must either be physically disconnected or have an approved backflow prevention device installed to protect the public water system?  A. Cross-connection  C. Indirect connection  B. Open receiving vessel  D. None of the above
119. When the air flow is restricted, such as the case of an air gap located near a wall, the air gap separation must be increased.  A. Non-restricted - Increased  C. Restricted - Increased  B. Restricted - Decreased  D. None of the above
120. The type of device selected for a particular installation depends on several factors. A. True B. False
121. According to the text, an air break is a physical separation between the free flowing discharge end of a potable water supply pipeline, and the overflow rim of an open or non-pressure receiving vessel.  A. True  B. False
122. Air gap separations shall be vertically orientated a distance of at least twice the inside diameter of the supply, but never less than?  A. 1 inch  C. 3 inches  B. 2 inches  D. None of the above
123. An obstruction around or near an Air gap may restrict the flow of air into the outlet pipe and nullify the effectiveness of the air gap to prevent  A. Connection C. Backpressure  B. Backsiphonage D. None of the above
124. An air gap is acceptable for and is theoretically the most effective protection.  A. High hazard installations
Vacuum Breakers

125. Vacuum breaker(s) can have two types?

A. Atmospheric and pressure
B. Atmospheric and spring
C. Hazard and pollutional application(s)
D. None of the above

126. Which of the following terms may not be installed downstream of atmospheric vacuum breakers but are allowed on pressure vacuum breakers?  A. Test cocks  C. Shut offs  B. Air inlet valve  D. None of the above				
<ul> <li>127. Vacuum breaker(s must be installed above the highest?</li> <li>A. Downstream piping C. Hazard applications</li> <li>B. Upstream piping D. None of the above</li> </ul>				
128. Which of the following contains a float check, a check seat, and an air inlet port?  A. Double check C. RP  B. Atmospheric vacuum breaker D. None of the above				
129. Both vacuum breakers devices primary purpose is to protect the water system from cross connections due to submerged inlets, such as irrigation systems and tank applications.  A. True B. False				
<ul><li>130. The difference between the two types them is that the pressure vacuum breaker _is spring loaded to assist the device's opening.</li><li>A. True B. False</li></ul>				
131. Both vacuum breakers devices open the pipeline to atmosphere in the event of backsiphonage only.  A. True B. False				
<ul><li>132. Both vacuum breakers devices are approved for backpressure conditions.</li><li>A. True B. False</li></ul>				
<ul><li>133. The Atmospheric vacuum breaker allows air to enter the water line when the line pressure is reduced to a gauge pressure of ten or below.</li><li>A. True B. False</li></ul>				
<ul><li>134. Which of the following terms is not internally loaded?</li><li>A. Air inlet valve C. Dump relief</li><li>B. Check valve D. None of the above</li></ul>				
135. To prevent the Air inlet from sticking open, the device must not be installed on the pressure side of a shutoff valve, or wherever it may be under constant pressure more than 2 hours during a 12-hour period.  A. True B. False				
<ul> <li>136. Which of the following are designed to prevent backflow caused by backsiphonage only from low health hazards?</li> <li>A. Atmospheric vacuum breakers C. Backflow preventor(s)</li> <li>B. RPs D. None of the above</li> </ul>				

137. Atmospheric vacuum breakers Uses: Irrigation systems, commercial dishwasher and laundry equipment, chemical tanks and laboratory sinks.

A. True B. False

	operating relie		,	or a weignted check valve, an fivalves, and two properly located
139. The PVE A. True	B needs to be in B. False	nstalled 24 inches	above the service	or supply line to work correctly.
spring loaded	or internally we nt seated test o	eighted, two resilie		ernally loaded check valves, either ed shutoff valves, and four properly
		e assembly is de h health hazards.	signed to prevent	backflow caused by backpressure
142. The dou	ıble check valv	re should be insta	illed in an	and protected from
•	•	C. Above the group. None of the a		
A. Accessible	location		hest downstream	for testing purposes only. outlet
loaded check	valves separa ted shutoff valv	ted by a Spring	loaded differential	f two independently acting spring pressure relief valve, two resilient nt seated test cocks.
•	•	•	between the two c han the supply pre	heck valves, referred to as the air ssure.
valve maintair	ns a differentia	I pressure of at le		eaks, the differential pressure relief tween the supply pressure and the esphere.
	•	-		nbly or RP is designed to prevent o high health hazards.
148. Accordin purposes only A. True	•	ne RP needs to be	e installed 12 inche	s above the ground for testing
	•		•	nigh hazard situations under alve should never close.

B. False

A. True

150. According to the text, the reduced pressure zone port opens anytime pressure in the zone comes within 2 psi of the supply pressure.

A. True B. False

# When Finished with Your Assignment

### REQUIRED DOCUMENTS

Please scan the **Registration Page**, **Answer Key**, **Survey and Driver's License** and email it to <u>info@TLCH2O.com</u>.

# **IPhone Scanning Instructions**

If you are unable to scan, take a photo of these documents with your **iPhone** and send these photos to TLC, <u>info@TLCH2O.com</u>.

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